## Chapter 5 Review Calculus

Find the intervals of increasing and decreasing for the following functions. Then locate and label the relative max/min.

1. 
$$f(x) = x^3 - \frac{3}{2}x^2$$
  
2.  $f(x) = x^2 + 8x + 10$   
3.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - \sin x$  [0, 2 $\pi$ ]

Find the point(s) of inflection in addition to the relative max/min for the following functions.

4. 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8$$
  
5.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - 2x^2$ 

## Given the function, find the following information.

6. $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$
Intervals of increasing
Intervals of decreasing
Intervals of concave up
Intervals of concave down
Relative Maxima
Relative Minima
Point(s) of Inflection

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## Find the absolute max/min of the following functions:

7. 
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 3x$$
 [0,3]  
8.  $f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2$  [-6,1]  
9.  $f(x) = \cos x$  [0, 2 $\pi$ ]

10. Find the c guaranteed by the Mean-Value Theorem

$$f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 2x \qquad [-1, 1]$$

11. Find the c guaranteed by Rolle's Theorem

$$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$$
 [1, 3]

12. You have 900 feet of fencing for your yard. You want to maximize the area of your yard. What will the dimensions be? What is the maximum area?